





TABLE 56. - Continued

County	Gross collections [includes non-county attributable allocations]† [S]	Refunds [includes non-county attributable allocations] [S]	Net collections [includes non-county attributable allocations]† [S]	Gross collections [county attributable] [excludes food] [S]	Refunds [county attributable] [excludes food] [S]	Net collections [county attributable] [excludes food] [S]	Allocated net collections [non-county attributable]†		Total net collections [includes county attributable plus non-county attributable]†† [S]	§ 105-486(a) per capita adjustment [applies to Article 40 net proceeds] [S]	Tax allocation before adjustments [S]	Total net distributable proceeds†† [S]	Total net distributable proceeds as a % of net collections [%]
							Local food tax 2% rate [S]	Other [S]					
Vance.....	10,928,384.26	(328,066.21)	10,600,318.05	9,226,461.01	(314,812.05)	8,911,648.96	1,641,971.79	45,508.41	10,599,129.16	473,627.23	11,072,756.39	11,158,120.08	105.26%
Wake.....	353,296,311.12	(17,347,538.49)	335,948,772.63	321,522,504.82	(16,901,436.74)	304,621,068.08	29,748,213.99	1,554,833.40	335,924,115.47	(17,460,394.69)	318,463,720.78	313,791,051.91	93.40%
Warren.....	2,099,218.39	(126,937.73)	1,972,280.66	1,552,980.63	(124,762.69)	1,428,217.94	536,557.46	7,355.23	1,972,130.63	875,086.65	2,847,217.28	2,792,097.98	141.57%
Washington.....	2,083,031.05	(74,355.33)	2,008,675.72	1,623,331.40	(72,150.66)	1,551,180.74	448,511.25	8,047.01	2,007,739.00	374,890.67	2,382,629.67	2,411,968.62	120.08%
Watauga.....	19,003,648.53	(986,240.28)	18,017,408.25	17,128,277.03	(962,085.32)	16,166,191.71	1,766,199.27	81,671.22	18,014,062.20	(878,592.67)	17,135,469.53	17,285,650.85	95.94%
Wayne.....	28,952,949.10	(1,765,980.96)	27,186,968.14	24,811,827.74	(1,731,747.68)	23,080,080.06	3,988,750.87	115,777.53	27,184,608.46	1,760,577.73	28,945,186.19	28,431,797.11	104.58%
Wilkes†††.....	14,676,101.72	(701,149.41)	13,974,952.31	12,351,522.54	(685,952.88)	11,665,569.66	2,255,720.77	57,205.55	13,978,495.98	1,599,017.31	15,577,513.29	15,619,014.70	111.76%
Wilson.....	23,145,100.10	(879,410.14)	22,265,689.96	20,165,731.81	(850,785.54)	19,314,946.27	2,847,080.08	100,239.00	22,262,265.35	46,283.55	22,308,548.90	22,075,201.91	99.14%
Yadkin.....	5,484,491.50	(227,098.09)	5,257,393.41	4,341,438.31	(220,887.71)	4,120,550.60	4,120,550.60	20,947.02	5,255,551.15	1,245,332.86	6,500,884.01	6,476,700.85	123.19%
Yancey.....	2,986,200.24	(132,569.59)	2,853,630.65	2,388,790.47	(129,216.73)	2,259,573.74	581,437.63	11,463.74	2,852,475.11	510,225.56	3,362,700.67	3,362,991.05	117.85%
Totals.....	3,117,870,888.09	(195,175,678.18)	2,922,695,209.91	2,786,466,231.77	(191,674,781.77)	2,594,791,450.00	315,021,155.52	12,882,604.35	2,922,695,209.87	-	2,922,695,209.87	2,906,137,192.65	99.43%
Less administrative costs:													
pursuant to § 105-472.....									(9,092,558.53)				
pursuant to § 105-501.....									(7,045,281.97)				
pursuant to § 105-507.3.....									(420,176.72)				
Distributable to units.....									2,906,137,192.65				

† Allocated collections consist of tax collections generated from the local 2% rate levied on food for home consumption as well as local sales or use taxes that cannot be identified as being attributable to a particular taxing county. Collections generated from the local 2% rate levied on food for home consumption are allocated to counties according to statutory guidelines specified in § 105-469. County allocation of local sales or use taxes that are unidentifiable as being attributable to a particular taxing county is determined according to statutory guidelines specified in § 105-472.

†† Total net collections amounts are prior to § 105-486(a), (b) requirements and prior to cost of collection reduction adjustments under § 105-472, § 105-501, and § 105-507.3. Total net distributable proceeds reflect § 105-486(a), (b) requirements and reduction of administrative costs.

These amounts do not agree with the actual receipts of the local governments in fiscal year 2015-16 due to the lag in the collection/distribution cycle. Certain administrative costs must be deducted from net collections in determining the amount of distributable proceeds to local governments. The amount of costs associated with local sales and use taxes related to Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, and 46 collected by the Department of Revenue during the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 was \$16,558,017.22.

Article 39 proceeds are allocated to counties on a point-of-sale basis (according to sourcing principles). § 105-469 requires that one-half (1/2) of net proceeds generated from the 2% local food tax be included in the distribution under Article 39. Refer to Table 57 for distribution details of Article 39 proceeds.

Article 40 proceeds are allocated to counties based on a county's share of state population. County allocated per capita amounts are then adjusted by a county's adjustment factor as specified in § 105-486(b). § 105-469 requires that one-fourth (1/4) of net proceeds generated from the 2% local food tax be included in the distribution under Article 40.

SL 2013-316, s. 3.1(b) repeals § 105-164.44G effective for transactions made on or after January 1, 2014; as a result, local governments no longer receive a share of State sales and use taxes generated from the sale of modular homes. (Previously, § 105-164.44G required twenty percent (20%) of the taxes collected under § 105-164.4(a)(8) on modular homes be distributed to counties in accordance with the distribution formula in § 105-486: the distributable portion of these proceeds was included in the distribution under Article 40.)

Effective for transactions on or after January 1, 2016, SL 2015-259, s. 4 1(b) subjects the gross receipts derived from the retail sale of aviation gasoline and jet fuel to the 7% combined general rate of sales and use tax (previously 4.75% general State and local and transit rates applied); as local and transit rates no longer apply, tax proceeds generated by such transactions are no longer includable within the local sales and use tax distribution process.

Refer to Table 58A for distribution details of Article 40 proceeds.

The table above reports Article 40 collections according to the county in which the taxes were sourced. Column § 105-486(a) per capita adjustment provides each county's overage or underage adjustment as result of converting Article 40 net proceeds from point-of-sale to per capita basis for statutory distribution purposes.

Article 42 proceeds are allocated to counties on a point-of-sale basis (according to sourcing principles). County allocated amounts are reduced for expenses associated with the Property Tax Commission, a property tax appraisal and assessment training program (School of Government at UNC-Chapel Hill), Local Government Commission, et al. pursuant to § 105-501 as well as for administrative cost expenses retained by the State. § 105-469 requires one-fourth (1/4) of net proceeds generated from the 2% local food tax be included in the distribution under Article 42.

Refer to Table 58B for distribution details of Article 42 proceeds.

Article 43 proceeds are levied by and allocated to Durham, Orange, and Mecklenburg Counties. Refer to Table 60A for distribution details of Article 43 proceeds.

Article 44 proceeds are allocated to counties on a point-of-sale basis (according to sourcing principles). Refer to Table 59 for distribution details of Article 44 proceeds.

Article 45 proceeds are allocated to Dare County. Refer to Table 60B for distribution details of Article 45 proceeds.

††† Article 46 proceeds are allocated to the twenty-nine (29) levying counties on a point-of-sale basis (according to sourcing principles). Refer to Table 60C for distribution details of Article 46 proceeds.